Strand	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
F			<b>3F-1</b> Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal parts.			<b>6F–1</b> Recognise when fractions can be simplified, and use common factors to simplify fractions.
			3F-2 Find unit fractions of quantities using known division facts (multiplication tables fluency). →		<b>5F–1</b> Find non-unit fractions of quantities.	<b>6F–2</b> Express fractions in a common denomination and use this to compare fractions that are similar in value.
			3F–3 Reason about the location of any fraction within 1 in the linear number system. →	<b>4F–1</b> Reason about the location of mixed numbers in the linear number system.		<b>6F–3</b> Compare fractions with different denominators, including fractions greater than 1, using reasoning, and choose between reasoning and common denomination as a comparison strategy.
				<b>4F–2</b> Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa.	<b>5F–2</b> Find equivalent fractions and understand that they have the same value and the same position in the linear number system.	
			3F-4 Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, within 1. →	<b>4F–3</b> Add and subtract improper and mixed fractions with the same denominator, including bridging whole numbers.	<b>5F–3</b> Recall decimal fraction equivalents for $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ , $\frac{1}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{10}$ , and for multiples of these proper fractions.	